

# Handling the Inter-Annotator Agreement for Automated Skin Lesion Segmentation Available at arXiv e-prints

The Impact of Annotation Quality on Deep Learning for Skin Lesion Segmentation

Available at Unicamp's Scientific and Intellectual Production Repository

Links at

<u>https://vribeiro1.github.io/publications/</u>



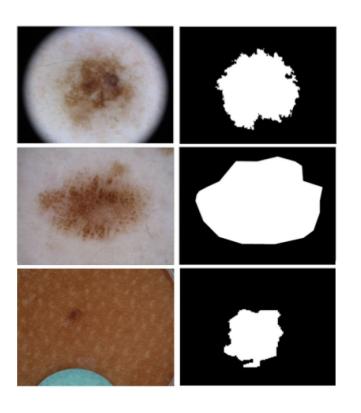
### **Lesion Attributes**







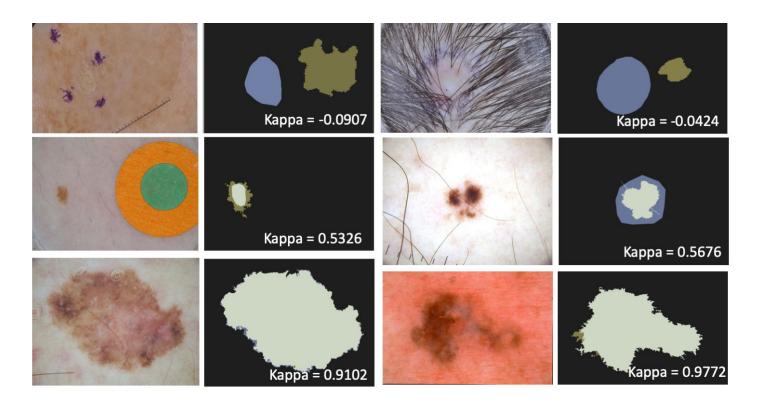
#### **Different Levels of Annotation**



Different levels of granularity for image annotation

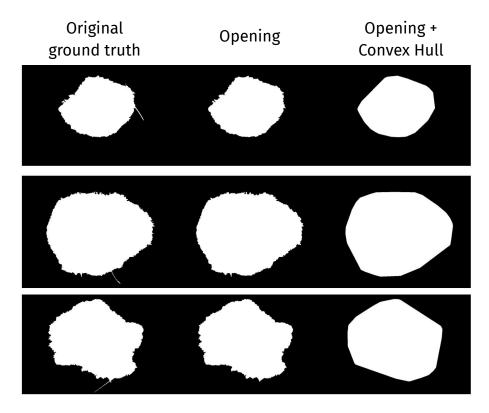
- Flood fill controlled by the annotator
- Manual polygon tracing
- Fully automated validated by human

## **Different Opinions by Physicians**

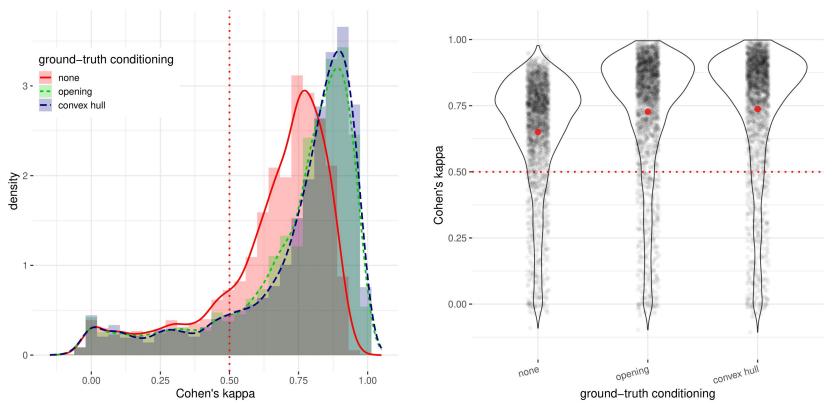




## **Sample Conditioning**



### **Sample Selection**



Less is More: Sample Selection and Label Conditioning Improve Skin Lesion Segmentation, Ribeiro et al., ISIC Workshop @ CVPR 2020



#### **Dataset**

#### **ISIC Archive**

**13,779** images with segmentation

**2,233** images with multiple segmentations

**Two train datasets:** 

All samples - 2,233 images

Best samples - 1,808 images ( $\kappa \ge 0.5$ )

**Three test datasets:** 

ISIC Archive - 2,000 images with single segmentation

PH<sup>2</sup> - 200 images

Dermofit - 1,300 images

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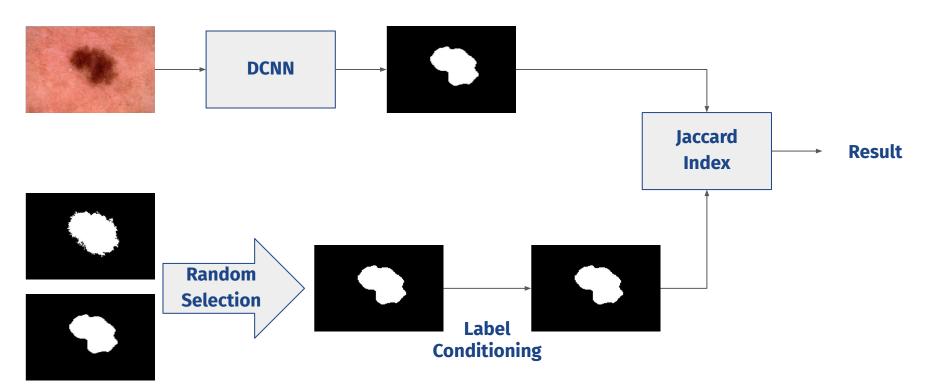
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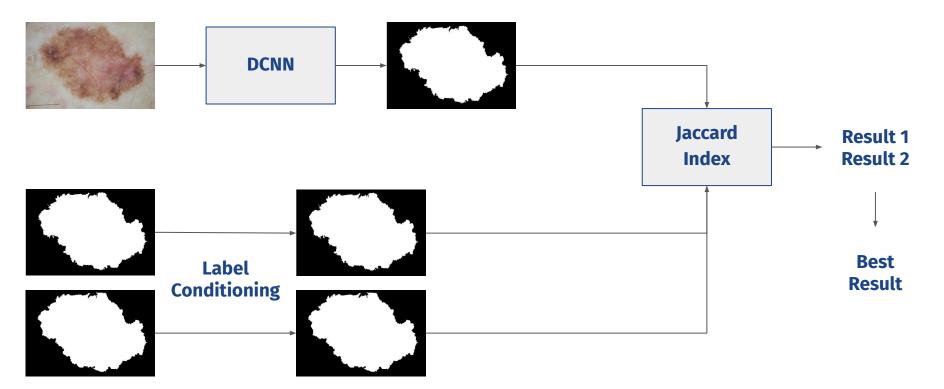
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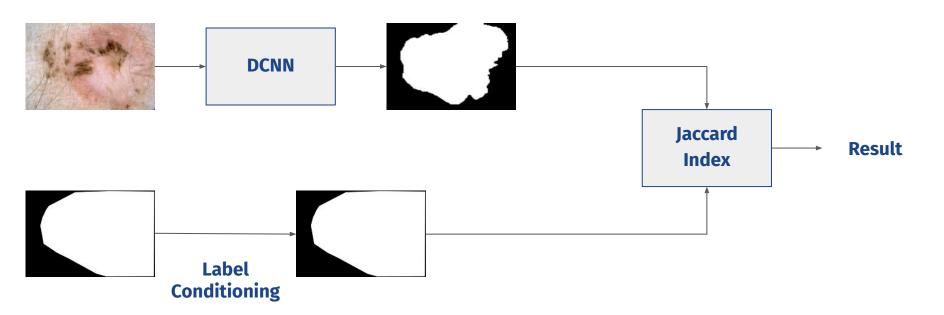
# **Training**

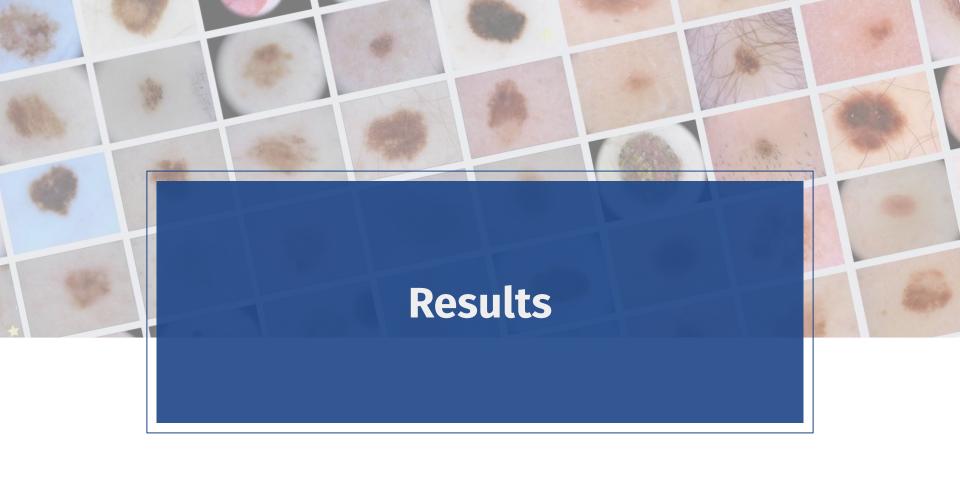


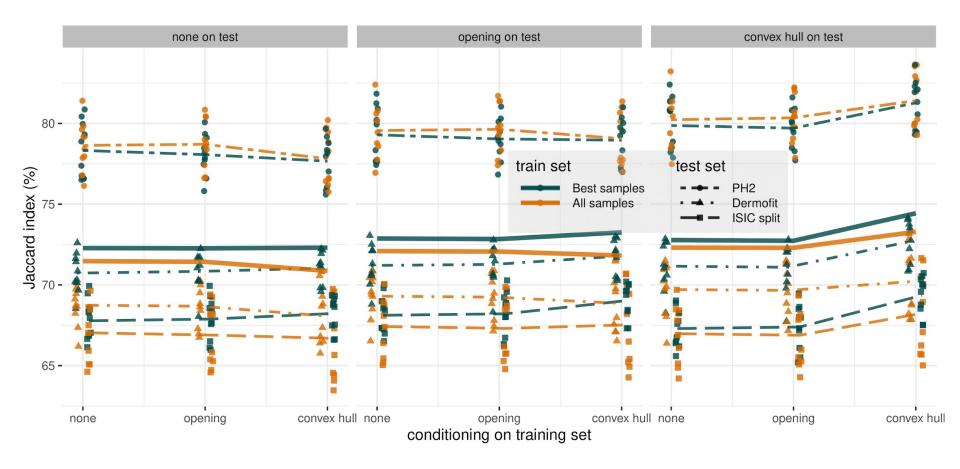
### **Validation**

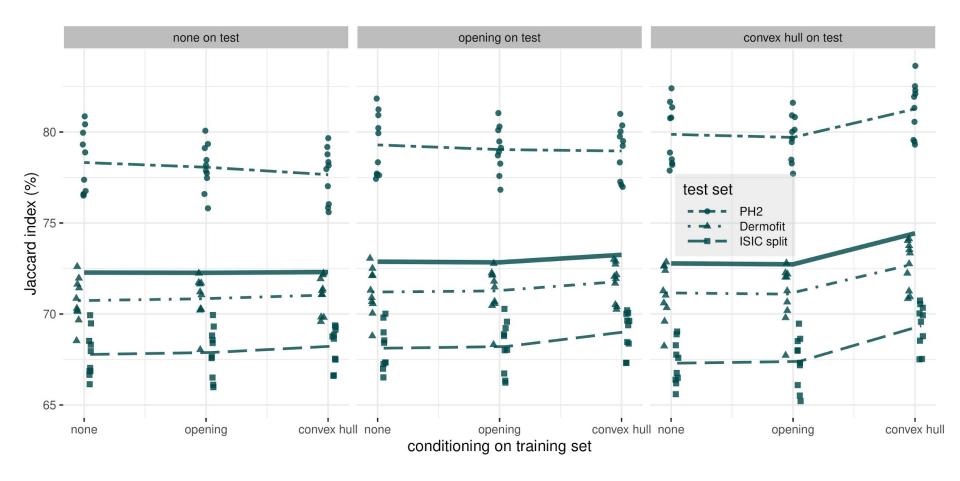


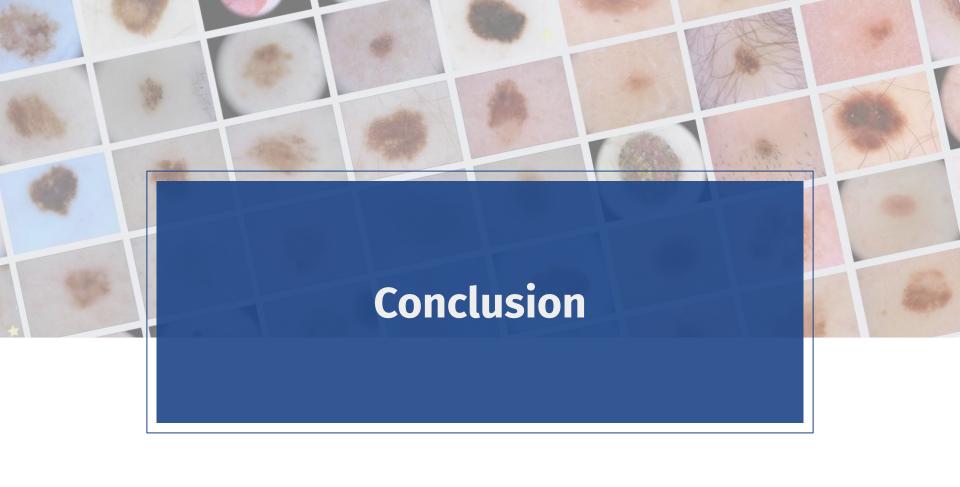
### **Testing**





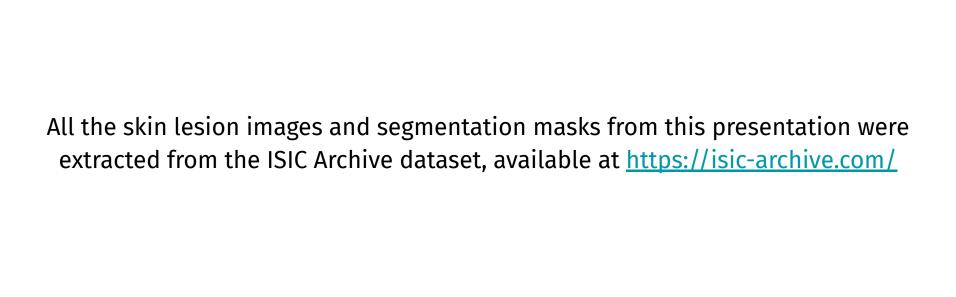






### **Conclusion**

- Segmentation ground-truths for skin lesion imaging present substantial inter-annotator disagreement.
- Withholding samples with the largest disagreement may result in significantly improved performance.
- Removing details from the segmentation masks may improve the results.
- In the future, we hope to extend our findings to samples with single ground-truth masks, increasing its applicability.





### **Thank you!**

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